

Elixir for Rubyists

as a great alternative for web APIs

Elixir's history

How did it all start?

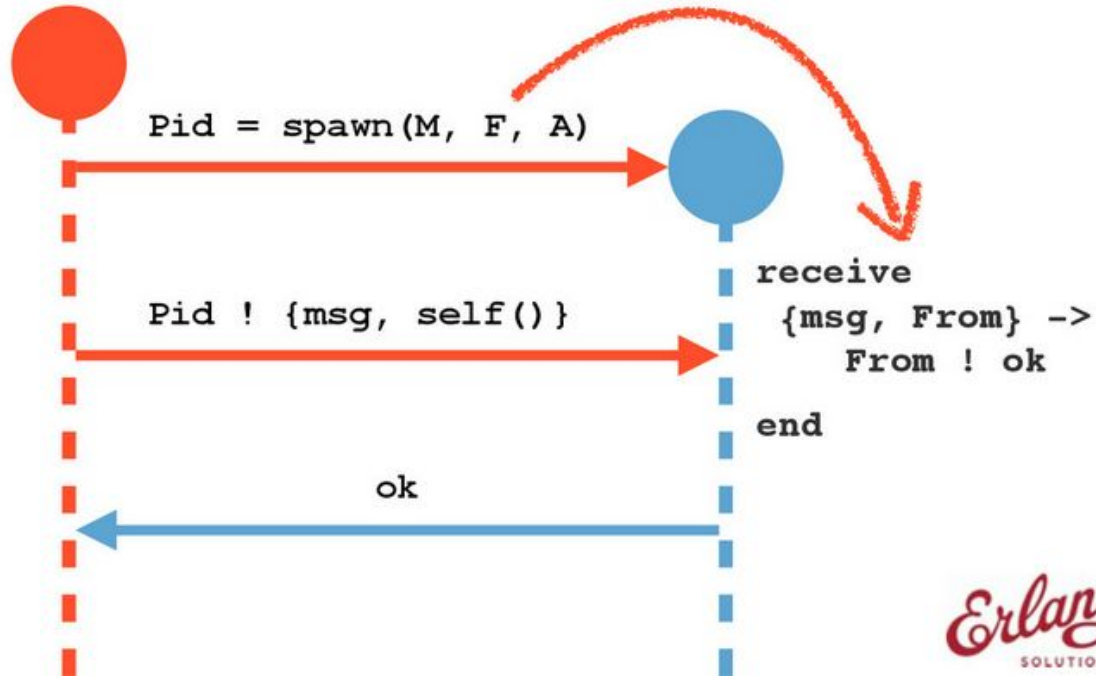
History of Erlang

- Started out in Ericsson software lab in 1987
- Released as open source in 1998
- SMP support as of 2005

Erlang properties

- Functional programming language
- Prolog-like syntax
- Lightweight, massive concurrency
- Asynchronous communication
- Process isolation (& garbage collection)
- Soft real-time

Erlang properties - processes



(image from <https://speakerdeck.com/michalslaski/introduction-to-erlang>)

Erlang's VM: BEAM

- runs as one OS process
- process virtual machine
 - creates its' own "Erlang processes"
- fast and concurrent - systems can run millions of Erlang processes at once
- examples: WhatsApp, CouchDB, Riak database, RabbitMQ
- constantly improving

History of Elixir

- Created in 2011 by José Valim
 - co-founder of [Plataformatec](#)
 - member of [rails-core](#)
 - you might know him from gems like: [inherited_resources](#), [devise](#), [simple_form](#), [responders](#)
- 1.0 stable as of September 2014

Elixir as a language

Language features; syntax

Elixir properties

- Built on top of Erlang
- Compiles to bytecode for the Erlang VM
- Ruby-like syntax
- Additional features, not available in Erlang, easing the developer's flow:
 - Metaprogramming
 - Pipeline operator
 - Polymorphism via protocol

Elixir syntax

<http://learnxinyminutes.com/docs/elixir/>

Elixir features

1. Functional programming
 - a. Immutable data
 - b. [Lists and Recursion](#)
 - c. [Pattern matching](#)
2. [Enumerables & Streams](#)
3. Meta-programming
 - a. [Macros](#)
 - b. [DSL](#)

Code sample

```
defmodule Company do
  def new(name), do: {name, []}

  def add_employee({company_name, employees}, new_employee) do
    {company_name, [new_employee | employees]}
  end
end

company_1 = Company.new("Initech")
company_2 = Company.add_employee(company_1, "Peter Gibbons")
company_3 = Company.add_employee(company_2, "Michael Bolton")
```

Code sample

```
# 1. Map over an array using Enumerable protocol
Enum.map([1, 2, 3], fn x -> x * 2 end)
# => [2, 4, 6]

# 2. Multiple Enum functions
Enum.sum(Enum.filter(Enum.map(1..100_000, &(&1 * 3)), odd?))
# => 7500000000

# 3. Multiple Enum functions using pipeline |> operator
1..100_000 |> Enum.map(&(&1 * 3)) |> Enum.filter(odd?) |> Enum.sum
# => 7500000000

# 4. Same as above, but using Streams
1..100_000 |> Stream.map(&(&1 * 3)) |> Stream.filter(odd?) |> Enum.sum
# => 7500000000
```

Code sample

```
# 5. Enums are eager, Streams are lazy:  
# Here's the difference:  
1..3 |>  
  Enum.map(&IO.inspect(&1)) |>  
  Enum.map(&(&1 * 2)) |>  
  Enum.map(&IO.inspect(&1))  
1  
2  
3  
2  
4  
6  
#=> [2,4,6]
```

```
stream = 1..3 |>  
  Stream.map(&IO.inspect(&1)) |>  
  Stream.map(&(&1 * 2)) |>  
  Stream.map(&IO.inspect(&1))  
Enum.to_list(stream)  
1  
2  
2  
4  
3  
6  
#=> [2,4,6]
```

Elixir ecosystem

Because without tools you'll need to do everything
from scratch

Elixir ecosystem

1. Hex
2. Phoenix
3. Ecto
4. ExUnit
5. Hound
6. <https://github.com/h4cc/awesome-elixir>

Phoenix Framework

1. Structure like in rails!
2. Templates
3. Pipelines
4. Websockets integrated
5. All Erlang & Elixir benefits

Phoenix - controller

```
1  defmodule Audashboard.Api.TaskController do
2    use Audashboard.Web, :controller
3
4    alias Audashboard.Task
5
6    plug :scrub_params, "task" when action in [:create, :update]
7    plug :action
8
9    def index(conn, _params) do
10     tasks = Repo.all(Task)
11     render(conn, "index.json", tasks: tasks)
12   end
13
14   def create(conn, %{"task" => task_params}) do
15     changeset = Task.changeset(%Task{}, task_params)
16
17     if changeset.valid? do
18       task = Repo.insert(changeset)
19       render(conn, "show.json", task: task)
20     else
21       conn
22       |> put_status(:unprocessable_entity)
23       |> render(Audashboard.ChangesetView, "error.json", changeset: changeset)
24     end
25   end
26 end
```

Phoenix - sockets

```
1  defmodule HelloPhoenix.RoomChannel do
2    use Phoenix.Channel
3
4    def join("rooms:lobby", auth_msg, socket) do
5      {:ok, socket}
6    end
7    def join("rooms:" <> _private_room_id, _auth_msg, socket) do
8      {:error, %{reason: "unauthorized"}}
9    end
10
11   def handle_in("new_msg", %{ "body" => body}, socket) do
12     broadcast! socket, "new_msg", %{body: body}
13     {:noreply, socket}
14   end
15
16   def handle_out("new_msg", payload, socket) do
17     push socket, "new_msg", payload
18     {:noreply, socket}
19   end
20 end
```

Phoenix performance

Framework	Throughput (req/s)	Latency (ms)	Consistency (σ ms)
Gin	51483.20	1.94	0.63
Phoenix	43063.45	2.82	(1) 7.46
Express Cluster	27669.46	3.73	2.12
Martini	14798.46	6.81	10.34
Sinatra	9182.86	6.55	3.03
Express	9965.56	10.07	0.95
Rails	3274.81	17.25	6.88
Plug (1)	54948.14	3.83	12.40
Play (2)	63256.20	1.62	2.96

iMac Intel Core i7 (4.0 GHz 4 Cores) 32 GB RAM

(1) Consistency for both Erlang solutions have become more unstable in this round of tests compared to previous

Elixir as a whole

Is it worth it?

Elixir - is it worth it? (sum up)

- to what things elixir is good for?
- ecosystem, community, libraries are evolving very quickly [elixir is becoming a huge thing]
- <https://medium.com/@kenmazaika/why-im-betting-on-elixir-7c8f847b58>
- https://medium.com/@j_mcnally/the-peep-stack-b7ba5afdd055

Elixir - is it worth it?

Let's face it. CRUD apps are a commodity these days. The next: *AirBnB for Renting Ketchup* probably isn't going to survive.

The people who will win are going to be the ones who embrace changes in technology. The fact that WebSockets, processes, and concurrency in Phoenix and Elixir are cheap, without sacrificing developer happiness is an absolute game-changer.

Elixir links

- <http://learnxinyminutes.com/docs/elixir/>
- <http://elixirdose.com/>
- <https://teamgaslight.com/blog/the-best-resources-for-learning-elixir>
- <http://elixirsips.com/>
- <http://learnyousomeerlang.com/content>
- <https://github.com/h4cc/awesome-elixir>

More Elixir links

- <https://speakerdeck.com/michalslaski/introduction-to-erlang>
- <https://github.com/elixir-lang/elixir/wiki/Talks>
- “Individualised Content at Web-scale” ([slides](#) / [video](#))
- <http://www.theerlangelist.com/2014/01/why-elixir.html>

Thanks

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